

E Betongbjelke, $L = 8.68 \text{ m}$

E.1 Betongbjelke - Utregning av kapasitet

Dimensjoner:

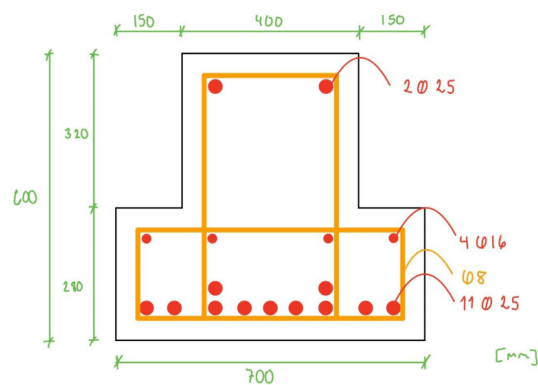
$$b_{bjelke} := 400 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_{utstikk} := 150 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_{bjelke} := 600 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_{utstikk} := 280 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{bjelke} := 8680 \text{ mm}$$



Laster:

Fordelte laster er hentet fra PDF filer tilsendt fra COWI

Egenlast til betong: $\gamma_b := 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3}$

Egenlast til dekke: $g_{k,dekke} := 4 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 2 \cdot b_{utstikk} = 1.2 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$ Hulldekke ligger kun på utstikkene

Egenlast fra PDF: $g_{k,PDF} := 1 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot b_{bjelke} = 0.4 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

Egenlast bjelke: $g_{k,bjelke} := b_{bjelke} \cdot h_{bjelke} \cdot \gamma_b + b_{utstikk} \cdot h_{utstikk} \cdot \gamma_b = 7.05 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

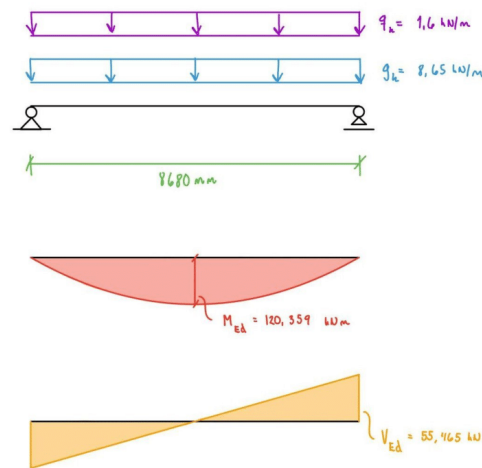
Total egenlast: $g_k := g_{k,dekke} + g_{k,PDF} + g_{k,bjelke} = 8.65 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

Nyttelast: $q_k := 4 \frac{kN}{m^2} \cdot b_{bjelke} = 1.6 \frac{kN}{m}$

Bruddlast: $p_{Ed} := 1.2 \cdot g_k + 1.5 \cdot q_k = 12.78 \frac{kN}{m}$ (EC0, Tabell NA.A1.2(A))

Dimensjonerende moment: $M_{Ed} := \frac{p_{Ed} \cdot L_{bjelke}^2}{8} = 120.359 \frac{kN \cdot m}{m}$

Dimensjonerende skjærkraft: $V_{Ed} := \frac{p_{Ed} \cdot L_{bjelke}}{2} = 55.465 \frac{kN}{m}$



Betongegenskaper, dimensjoner og tøyning:

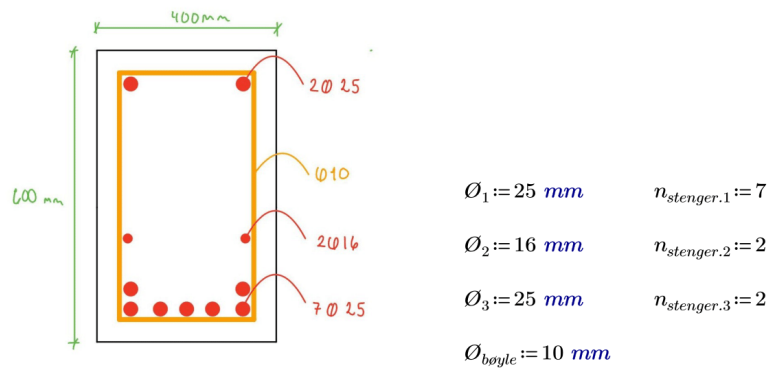
$$f_{yk} := 500 \frac{N}{mm^2} \quad f_{cd} := 19.8 \frac{N}{mm^2} \quad f_{yd} := 434 \frac{N}{mm^2}$$

$$f_{ck} := 35 \frac{N}{mm^2} \quad f_{cm} := 43 \frac{N}{mm^2} \quad \epsilon_{cu} := 0.0035$$

EC2 tabell
3.1

$$A_c := h_{bjelke} \cdot b_{bjelke} = (2.4 \cdot 10^5) \text{ mm}^2 \quad E_s := 200000 \frac{N}{mm^2} \quad \epsilon_{yd} := \frac{f_{yd}}{E_s} = 0.00217$$

Beregner med et forenklet tverrsnitt:



Beregning av momentkapasitet

Hentet ut av detalj-tegning

Bestandighet av betong:

Ekposneringsklasse: XC3

Bestandighetsklasse: M45

$$c_{\text{nom}} := 35 \text{ mm}$$

Avstand mellom armeringsstenger i forskjellige lag:

$$d_g := 20 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{betongboka, s.42})$$

$$a_{v,\text{krav}} := \max(1.5 \cdot \varnothing_1, d_g + 5 \text{ mm}, 20 \text{ mm}) \leq 32 \text{ mm}$$

$$a_{v,\text{krav}} := \max(37.5 \text{ mm}, 25 \text{ mm}, 20 \text{ mm}) \leq 32 \text{ mm}$$

$$a_v := 32 \text{ mm}$$

Finner d:

$$d := h_{\text{bjelke}} - c_{\text{nom}} - \varnothing_{\text{bøyte}} - \varnothing_1 - \frac{a_v}{2} = 514 \text{ mm}$$

Balansert armering:

$$\alpha_b := \frac{\varepsilon_{cu}}{\varepsilon_{cu} + \varepsilon_{yd}} = 0.617$$

$$A_{s,bal} := 0.8 \cdot \frac{f_{cd}}{f_{yd}} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d \cdot \alpha_b = 4632 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$n_{stenger.strekk} := 7$$

Armeringsmengde:

$$A_s := n_{stenger.1} \cdot \left(\frac{\varnothing_1}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \pi + n_{stenger.2} \cdot \left(\frac{\varnothing_2}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \pi + n_{stenger.3} \cdot \left(\frac{\varnothing_3}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \pi = (4.82 \cdot 10^3) \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_s > A_{s,bal} \quad \text{overarmert}$$

$$0.8 \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d \cdot \alpha^2 + E_s \cdot A_s \cdot \varepsilon_{cu} \cdot \alpha - E_s \cdot A_s \cdot \varepsilon_{cu} = 0$$

abc-formelen:

$$0.8 \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d \cdot \alpha^2 = 3269376 \alpha^2$$

$$E_s \cdot A_s \cdot \varepsilon_{cu} \cdot \alpha = 3374000 \alpha$$

$$E_s \cdot A_s \cdot \varepsilon_{cu} = 3374000$$

$$\alpha := 0.875$$

$$M_{Rd} := 0.8 \cdot \alpha \cdot (1 - 0.4 \cdot \alpha) \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d^2 = 952.057 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{Rd} > M_{Ed} \quad OK$$

E.2 Dimensjonering av ny betongbjelke

Dimensjoner:

$$b_{bjelke} := 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_{bjelke} := 400 \text{ mm}$$

$$L_{bjelke} := 8680 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_c := h_{bjelke} \cdot b_{bjelke} = (1.2 \cdot 10^5) \text{ mm}^2 \quad u := 2 h_{bjelke} + 2 \cdot b_{bjelke} = (1.4 \cdot 10^3) \text{ mm}$$

Dimensjonerende laster:

$$g_k := 8.65 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \quad q_k := 1.6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$$

Bruker samme laster til
beregning som den
eksisterende bjelken

Betongegenskaper, dimensjoner og tøyning:

$$f_{yk} := 500 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad f_{cd} := 19.8 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad f_{yd} := 434 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$$f_{ck} := 35 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad f_{cm} := 43 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad \varepsilon_{cu} := 0.0035 \quad \text{EC2 tabell 3.1}$$

$$f_{ctm} := 3.2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad E_s := 200000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \quad \varepsilon_{yd} := \frac{f_{yd}}{E_s} = 0.00217$$

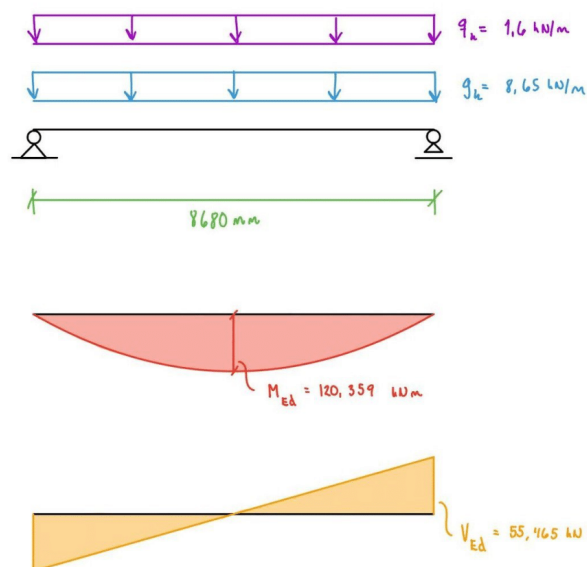
$$E_{cm} := 34000 \text{ MPa} \quad I_c := \frac{1}{12} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot h_{bjelke}^3 = (1.6 \cdot 10^9) \text{ mm}^4$$

Bruddgrensetilstand:

$$p_{Ed} := 1.2 \cdot g_k + 1.5 \cdot q_k = 12.78 \frac{kN}{m} \quad (EC0, \text{Tabell NA.A1.2(A)})$$

$$M_{Ed} := \frac{p_{Ed} \cdot L_{bjelke}^2}{8} = 120.359 \text{ kN} \cdot m$$

$$V_{Ed} := \frac{p_{Ed} \cdot L_{bjelke}}{2} = 55.465 \text{ kN}$$



Dimensjonerer som normalarmert tverrsnitt:

effektiv høyde:

$$d := \sqrt{\frac{M_{Ed}}{0.275 \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke}}} = 271.444 \text{ mm} \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.25)}$$

Indre momentarm:

$$z := 0.835 \cdot d = 226.656 \text{ mm} \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 tabell 4.4}$$

Nødvendig Armeringsmengde:

$$A_{s,normalarmert} := \frac{M_{Ed}}{f_{yd} \cdot z} = (1.224 \cdot 10^3) \text{ mm}^2 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.26)}$$

Valg av armering:

$$\emptyset := 25 \text{ mm} \quad n := 3$$

$$A_{s,faktisk} := n \cdot \left(\frac{\emptyset}{2}\right)^2 \cdot \pi = (1.473 \cdot 10^3) \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Velger: } \emptyset_{bøyle} := 8 \text{ mm}$$

Velger overdekning:

Minste overdekning

$$c_{min} = \max \{c_{min,b}; c_{min,dur} + \Delta c_{dur,\gamma} - \Delta c_{dur,st} - \Delta c_{dur,add}; 10 \text{ mm}\} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(2)})$$

$$c_{min,b} := 25 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(2)})$$

$$c_{min,dur} := 25 \text{ mm} \quad \text{I detaljtegningene står det at eksponeringsklassen til denne bjelken er XC3}$$

$$(\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(5)})$$

$$\Delta c_{dur,\gamma} := 0 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(6)})$$

$$\Delta c_{dur,st} := 0 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(7)})$$

$$\Delta C_{dur.add} := 0 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.2(8)})$$

$$C_{min} := C_{min.dur} = 25 \text{ mm}$$

Avvik

$$\Delta C_{dev} := 10 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 4.4.1.3(1)})$$

Nominell overdekning

$$C_{nom} := C_{min} + \Delta C_{dev} = 35 \text{ mm}$$

Momentkapasitet beregning:

$$d_{ny} := h_{bjelke} - C_{nom} - \varnothing_{bøyle} - \frac{\varnothing}{2} = 344.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\alpha_{bal} := \frac{\varepsilon_{cu}}{\varepsilon_{cu} + \varepsilon_{yd}} = 0.617 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.20)}$$

$$A_{s,bal} := \frac{0.8 \cdot \alpha_{bal} \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}}{f_{yd}} = (2.328 \cdot 10^3) \text{ mm}^2 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.21)}$$

$$A_{s,bal} > A_{s,faktisk}$$

Regner ut α for underarmert tverrsnitt:

$$\alpha_{underarmert} := \frac{f_{yd} \cdot A_{s,faktisk}}{0.8 \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}} = 0.39 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.19)}$$

$$M_{Rd} := 0.8 \cdot \alpha_{underarmert} \cdot (1 - 0.4 \cdot \alpha_{underarmert}) \cdot f_{cd} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}^2 = 185.793 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

Sørensen del 1 lign. (4.14)

$$M_{Rd} > M_{Ed} \quad OK$$

Minimumsarmering:

$$A_{s,min,kraav} := \max \left(0.26 \frac{f_{ctm}}{f_{yk}} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}, 0.0013 \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny} \right) \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 9.2.1.1(1)})$$

$$A_{s,min,kraav} := \max (171.97 \text{ mm}^2, 134.36 \text{ mm}^2)$$

$$A_{s,min} := 171.97 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{s,faktisk} \geq A_{s,min} \quad OK$$

Trykkarmering:

Velger 2Ø25 som trykkarmering

$$\varnothing_{trykk} := 25 \text{ mm}$$

Avstand mellom lengdearmeringen: (EC2 - Del 1-1, 8.2(2))

$$a_h = \max (k_1 \cdot \varnothing, d_g + k_2 \text{ mm}, 20 \text{ mm}), \text{ men mindre enn } 32 \text{ mm}$$

$$k_1 := 1.5$$

(EC2 -Del 1-1, NA 8.(2))

$$k_2 := 5$$

d_g er største tilslagsstørrelsen, velger 20 mm

$$a_h = \max (37.5 \text{ mm}, 25 \text{ mm}, 20 \text{ mm}) \text{ men mindre enn } 32 \text{ mm}$$

$$a_h := 32 \text{ mm}$$

Skjærkapasitet

Skjærstrekkkapasitet: (EC2 - Del 1-1 6.2.2(1))

$$C_{Rd,c} := \frac{0.18}{1.5} = 0.12$$

$$k := 1 + \sqrt{\frac{200 \text{ mm}}{d_{ny}}} = 1.762 \quad k < 2.0 \quad \therefore \text{OK}$$

$$\rho_L := \frac{A_{s,faktisk}}{b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}} = 0.014 \quad \rho_L \leq 0.02 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$V_{Rd,c} := C_{Rd,c} \cdot k \cdot \left(100 \cdot \rho_L \cdot 35\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny} \cdot \frac{N}{\text{mm}^2} = 80.433 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{Ed,red} := V_{Ed} - p_{Ed} \cdot d_{ny} = 51.062 \text{ kN}$$

$V_{Rd,c} > V_{Ed,red}$ Trenger ikke skjærarmering, kun minimum skjærarmering

Skjærtrykkkapasitet:

$$\nu := 0.6 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{f_{ck}}{250 \text{ MPa}}\right) = 0.516 \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 NA.6.2.2(6)})$$

$$V_{Rd,max} := 0.5 \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny} \cdot \nu \cdot f_{cd} = 527.953 \text{ kN} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 6.2.2(6)})$$

$V_{Rd,max} > V_{Ed}$ OK

Minimum skjærarmering:

Valgt tidligere diameter på bøyle:

$$\varnothing_{bøyle} = 8 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_{s,w} := \pi \cdot \left(\frac{\varnothing_{bøyle}}{2} \right)^2 \cdot 2 = 100.531 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$f_{ck,1} := 35$$

$$f_{yk,1} := 500$$

$$S := \frac{A_{s,w}}{0.08 \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt[2]{f_{ck,1}}}{f_{yk,1}} \right) \cdot b_{bjelke}} = 354.017 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 9.2.2(5)})$$

Krav til maks senteravstand:

$$h' := h_{bjelke} - 2 \cdot C_{nom} - 2 \cdot \varnothing_{bøyle} - \frac{\varnothing}{2} - \frac{\varnothing_{trykk}}{2} = 289 \text{ mm}$$

$$S_{max} := 0.6 \cdot h' = 173.4 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 9.2.2(7)})$$

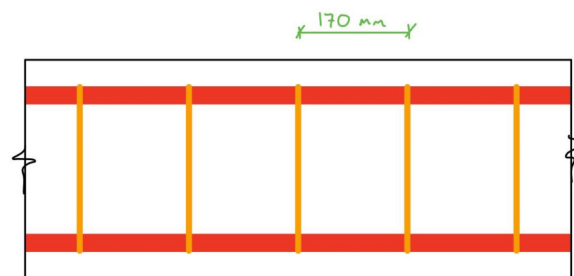
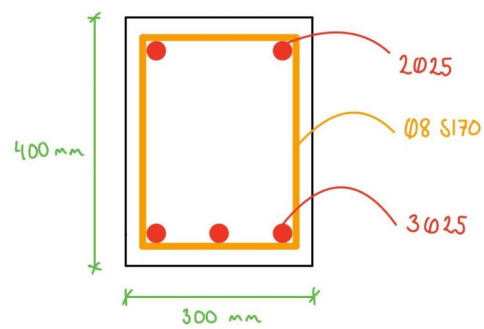
$$S_{valg} := 170 \text{ mm}$$

Antall:

$$n_{stenger.skjær} := \frac{L_{bjelke}}{S_{valg}} = 51$$

Er det plass til armeringen?

$$b_{n\ddot{o}dv.} := 2 \cdot C_{nom} + 2 \cdot \varnothing_{b\ddot{o}yle} + n \cdot \varnothing + 2 \cdot a_h = 225 \text{ mm} \quad OK$$



Bruksgrensetilstand

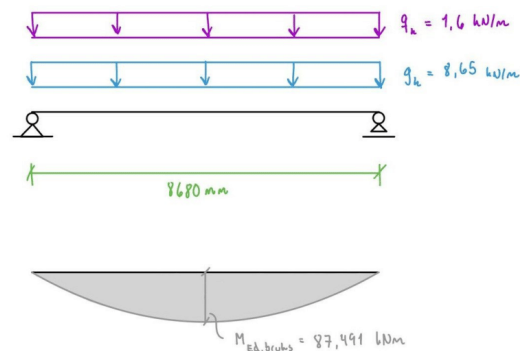
$$p_{Ed,bruks} := 1.0 \cdot g_k + 1.0 \cdot q_k = 10.25 \frac{kN}{m} \quad (EC0, A1.4.1(1))$$

$$M_g := \frac{g_k \cdot L_{bjelke}^2}{8} = 81.464 \text{ kN} \cdot m$$

$$M_q := \frac{0.4 \cdot q_k \cdot L_{bjelke}^2}{8} = 6.027 \text{ kN} \cdot m$$

$$p_{Ed,bruks,langtids} := g_k + 0.4 \cdot q_k = 9.29 \frac{kN}{m}$$

$$M_{Ed,bruks} := \frac{p_{Ed,bruks,langtids} \cdot L_{bjelke}^2}{8} = 87.491 \text{ kN} \cdot m$$



Nedbøyning

$$\delta := \frac{5}{384} \cdot \frac{p_{Ed,bruks} \cdot L_{bjelke}^4}{E_{cm} \cdot I_c} = 13.927 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta_{krav} := \frac{L_{bjelke}}{250} = 34.72 \text{ mm} \quad (EC2 - Del 1-1 7.4.1(4))$$

$$\delta < \delta_{krav} \quad OK$$

Beregning av midlere bøyestivhet

Egenlasten påføres ved $t_0 = 7$ døgn etter støping

Nyttelasten påføres ved $t_0 = 90$ døgn

Antar 40% av nyttelasten regnes som permanent last

$$\text{Langtidslast 1: } g_k = 8.65 \frac{kN}{m}$$

$$\text{Langtidslast 2: } q_{lang} := 0.4 \cdot q_k = 0.64 \frac{kN}{m}$$

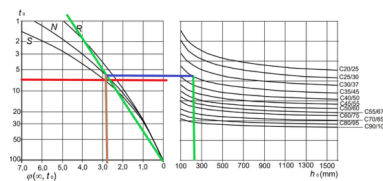
Kryptall under forutsetning av innendørs forhold:

$$h_0 := 2 \cdot \frac{A_c}{u} = 171.429 \text{ mm} \quad \text{Standard sement klasse N}$$

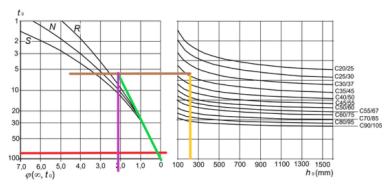
$$t_0 = 7 \text{ døgn: } \varphi(\alpha, 7) = 2.8$$

(EC2 - Del 1-1 Figur 3.1)

$$t_0 = 90 \text{ døgn: } \varphi(\alpha, 90) = 2.0$$



7 døgn



90 døgn

Effektiv (langtids) elastisitetsmodul:

$$E_{c,eff} = \frac{E_{cm}}{1 + \varphi(\alpha, t_0)} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 7.4.3(5)})$$

$$E_{c,1} := \frac{E_{cm}}{1 + 2.8} = (8.947 \cdot 10^3) \text{ MPa}$$

$$E_{c,2} := \frac{E_{cm}}{1 + 2.0} = (1.133 \cdot 10^4) \text{ MPa}$$

$$E_{c,middel} := \frac{M_g + M_q}{\frac{M_g}{E_{c,1}} + \frac{M_q}{E_{c,2}}} = (9.079 \cdot 10^3) \text{ MPa} \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.25)}$$

Ekvivalent treghetsmoment:

$$\text{Materialstivhetsforhold: } \eta := \frac{E_s}{E_{c.middel}} = 22.029$$

$$\text{Armeringsforhold: } \rho := \frac{A_{s.faktisk}}{b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}} = 0.014$$

$$\eta \cdot \rho = 0.314$$

$$\alpha_{langtids} := \sqrt{(\eta \cdot \rho)^2 + 2 \cdot \eta \cdot \rho} - \eta \cdot \rho = 0.538 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.5)}$$

$$I_{c.langtids} := 0.5 \cdot \alpha_{langtids}^2 \left(1 - \frac{\alpha_{langtids}}{3} \right) \cdot b_{bjelke} \cdot d_{ny}^3 = (1.458 \cdot 10^9) \text{ mm}^4$$

Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.9)

Nedbøyning etter lang tid

$$\delta_{langtids} := \frac{5 (g_k + q_{lang}) \cdot L_{bjelke}^4}{384 \cdot E_{c.middel} \cdot I_{c.langtids}} = 51.857 \text{ mm}$$

Nedbøyning pga svinn: $L := 8.68 \text{ m}$

Antar at uttørkning starter ved riving av forskaling, $t_s := 7$ døgn

Beregner fri svinntøyning:

Uttørkningssvinn:

$\alpha_{ds1} := 4$ for sementklasse N $f_{ck} := 35$

$\alpha_{ds2} := 0.12$ $f_{cm} := 43$

$RH_0 := 100\%$ $f_{cm0} := 10$

Antar RH for innendørsforhold: $RH := 50\%$

$$\beta_{RH} := 1.55 \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{RH}{RH_0} \right)^3 \right] = [1.356] \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.28)}$$

$$\varepsilon_{cd,0} := 0.85 \cdot \left[(220 + 110 \cdot \alpha_{ds1}) \cdot e^{\left(-\alpha_{ds2} \cdot \frac{f_{cm}}{f_{cm0}} \right)} \right] \cdot 10^{-6} \quad \beta_{RH} = 4.542 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.27)}$$

$$h_0 = 171 \text{ mm} \quad \rightarrow \quad k_h := 0.85 \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, tabell 3.3})$$

$$\text{Etter lang tid er } \beta_{ds} := 1 \quad \text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.29)}$$

$$\text{dette gir: } \varepsilon_{cd,inf} := \beta_{ds} \cdot k_h \cdot \varepsilon_{cd,0} = 3.86 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{Sørensen del 1 lign. (5.31)}$$

$$\text{Autogents svinn: } \varepsilon_{ca,inf} := 2.5 (f_{ck} - f_{cm0}) \cdot 10^{-6} = 6.25 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Fri svinntøyning: } \varepsilon_{cs} := \varepsilon_{cd,inf} + \varepsilon_{ca,inf} = 4.485 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{Sørensen, s.135})$$

Svinnkrumning:

må beregne e og I (om tyngdepkt.aksen):

$$d_s := 344.5 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{Sørensen, s. 136})$$

$$\eta = 22.029$$

$$E_s = (2 \cdot 10^5) \text{ MPa} \quad E_{c.middel} = (9.079 \cdot 10^3) \text{ MPa}$$

$$a_s := \frac{A_c \cdot 0.5 \cdot h_{bjelke} + \eta \cdot A_{s.faktisk} \cdot d_s}{A_c + \eta \cdot A_{s.faktisk}} = 230.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$e_s := d_s - a_s = 113.75 \text{ mm}$$

$$I := \frac{b_{bjelke} \cdot h_{bjelke}^3}{12} + b_{bjelke} \cdot h_{bjelke} \cdot (a_s - e_s)^2 + \eta \cdot A_{s.faktisk} \cdot e_s^2 = (3.662 \cdot 10^9) \text{ mm}^4$$

$$\kappa_s := \frac{\epsilon_{cs} \cdot E_s \cdot A_{s.faktisk} \cdot e_s}{E_{c.middel} \cdot I} = (4.519 \cdot 10^{-7}) \text{ mm}^{-1} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 7.4.3(6)})$$

Enhetlastmetoden gir nedbøyning midt på bjelken:

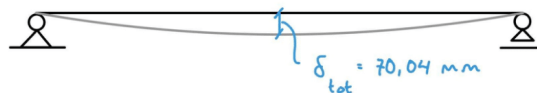
$$\delta_{svinn} := \frac{\kappa_s \cdot L^2}{8} = 4.256 \text{ mm}$$

Total nedbøyning:

$$\delta_{tot} := \delta + \delta_{svinn} + \delta_{langtids} = 70.04 \text{ mm}$$

$$\delta_{tot} > \delta_{krav}$$

Dette er i praksis en stor nedbøyning som ikke vil være tillatt etter EC2, 7.4.1(4). Bygget i praksis en forskaling med overhøyde slik at man kan styre den resulterende nedbøyningen til å bli tilnærmet lik 0.



Risskontroll

Forenklet rissviddekontroll

Beregning av armeringsspenning:

$$E_{c,middel} \cdot I_{c,langtids} = (1.324 \cdot 10^{13}) \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_s := E_s \cdot \frac{M_{Ed,bruks}}{(E_{c,middel} \cdot I_{c,langtids})} \cdot (1 - \alpha_{langtids}) \cdot d_{ny} = 210.174 \text{ MPa}$$

Antar overdekning: $C_{nom} = C_{min,dur}$ gir $k_c = 1$

Tabell NA.7.1N gir tillatte rissvidde: $w_{max} := 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Tabell 7.2N med armeringsdiamter 25 mm gir: $\sigma_{s,tillat,1} := 200 \text{ MPa}$

Tabell 7.3N med senteravstand 200 mm gir: $\sigma_{s,tillat,2} := 240 \text{ MPa}$

$$\sigma_{s,tillat,1} > \sigma_s \quad \text{Rissviddekrav er tilfredsstilt}$$

$$\sigma_{s,tillat,2} > \sigma_s \quad \text{Rissviddekrav er tilfredsstilt}$$

Spenningsbegrensning:

$$\sigma_s \leq 0.8 \cdot f_{yk} \quad \text{OK}$$

Risskontroll ved beregning av rissvidde

$$w_{max} = 0.3 \text{ mm} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1, 7.3.1(5)})$$

$$k_{1,lang} := 0.4 \quad \text{Langvarig last} \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 7.3.4(2)})$$

$$f_{ct,eff} := f_{ctm} = 3.2 \text{ MPa}$$

$$h_{c,eff} = \min \left(2.5 \cdot (h_{bjelke} - d_{ny}), \frac{(h_{bjelke} - \alpha d_{ny})}{3}, \frac{h_{bjelke}}{2} \right) \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 7.3.2(3)})$$

$$h_{c,eff} = \min(138.75 \text{ mm}, 88.55 \text{ mm}, 200 \text{ mm})$$

$$h_{c,eff} := 88.55 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_{c,eff} := b_{bjelke} \cdot h_{c,eff} = (2.657 \cdot 10^4) \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\rho_{p,eff} := \frac{A_{s,faktisk}}{A_{c,eff}} = 0.055 \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 7.3.4(2)})$$

$$\alpha_e := \frac{E_s}{E_{cm}} = 5.882 \quad \sigma_s = 210.174 \text{ MPa}$$

Tøyingsdifferens: Tøy.diff = $\varepsilon_{sm} - \varepsilon_{cm}$

$$Tøy.diff := \frac{\sigma_s - k_{1,lang} \cdot \frac{f_{ct,eff}}{\rho_{p,eff}} \cdot (1 + \alpha_e \cdot \rho_{p,eff})}{E_s} = 8.978 \cdot 10^{-4} > 0.6 \cdot \frac{\sigma_s}{E_s} = 6.305 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$5 \cdot \left(C_{nom} + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right) = 237.5 \text{ mm} \quad 237.5 > S_{valg} \quad S_{valg} = 170 \text{ mm}$$

$$k_{1.} := 0.8 \quad k_{2.} := 0.5 \quad k_{3.} := 3.4 \quad k_{4.} := 0.425 \quad (\text{EC2 - Del 1-1 7.3.4(3)})$$

$$S_{r,max} := k_{3.} \cdot C_{nom} + k_{1.} \cdot k_{2.} \cdot k_{4.} \cdot \frac{\emptyset}{\rho_{p,eff}} = 195.667 \text{ mm}$$

$$w_k := S_{r.max} \cdot T\phi y.diff = 0.176 \text{ } mm$$

(EC2 - Del 1-1 7.3.4(1))

$$w_k < w_{max} \quad OK$$