PROGRAMME

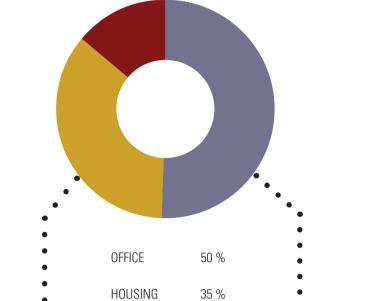
MIXED USE DEVELOPMENTS

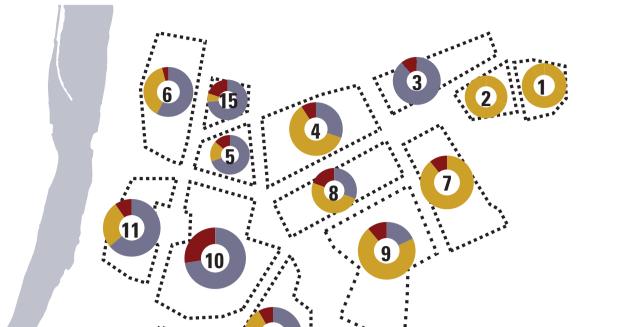
Mixed-use environments have existed throughout most of human history, and it was in the past determined by the need for walkability and the scale of the human body. This pattern changed radically with the invention of the car which opened up the possibility for "unlimited" mobility and thus large separation of functions. However, in the later years these monofunctional modernistic developments have proved to be unsucessful, creating urban structure sprawl and a car-based society reliant on fossil fuels.

The need to develop more sustainable cities has reopened the neccessity for denser and mixed areas where living, working, playing and shopping again can take place within a walkable radius. It has also intensified the discussion around more efficient public transportation solutions that can substitute the use of private cars while keeping the high levels of mobility required by the modern citizen. This whole process aims for a reorganization of the city from monofunctional entities into more multifaceted urban spaces with high levels of integration. Our goal for Sluppen is to create a selfsustaining intersection point, a city within the city, where urban, economical and social diversity merge to create a viable and attractive district.

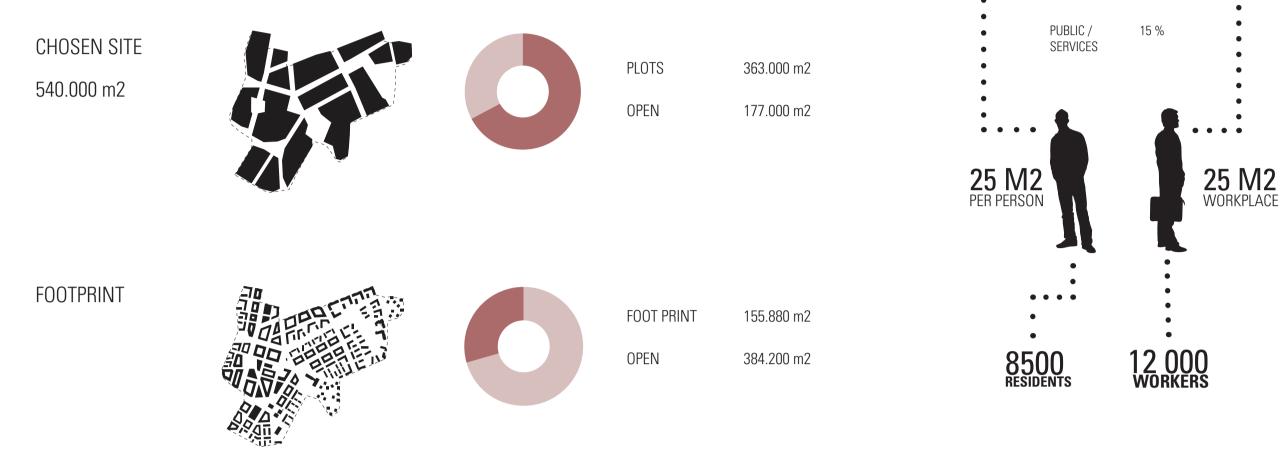


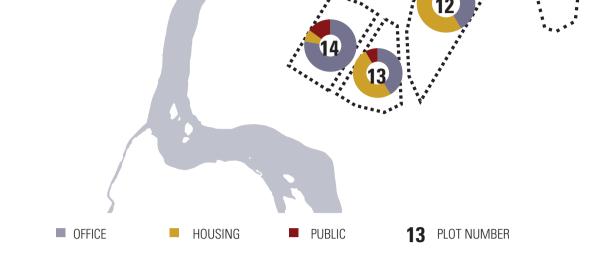












PLOT	TOTAL	FOTPRINT	RATIO %	OFFICE	%	BOLIG	%	SERV/PUB	%	FAR
1.	13500	2300	17,037037	0	0	6885	100	0	0	0,5
2.	13500	3500	25,9259259	0	0	10180	100	0	0	0,7540
3.	18500	7300	39,4594595	28800	89,026	0	0	3550	10,97	1,7486
4.	30000	13635	45,45	18500	30,328	37000	60,66	5500	9,016	2,0333
5.	7000	3400	48,5714286	14425	69,501	3560	17,15	2770	13,35	2,96
6.	35000	13800	39,4285714	37140	57,905	24500	38,2	2500	3,898	1,8325
7.	26600	7900	29,6992481	0	0	24180	89,23	2920	10,77	1,018
8.	23500	18000	76,5957447	12768	31,002	20520	49,83	7896	19,17	1,7525
9.	52765	14875	28,1910357	9120	18,303	35235	70,71	5472	10,98	0,9443
10.	49742	26684	53,6448072	84035	72,541	0	0	31810	27,46	2,3289
11.	21500	11900	55,3488372	31070	64,068	12790	26,37	4635	9,558	2,2555
12.	33700	11436	33,9347181	13865	33,817	22150	54,02	4985	12,16	1,2166
13.	16500	7150	43,3333333	10620	41,527	12864	50,3	2090	8,172	1,5499
14.	20500	10600	51,7073171	34940	77,619	3375	7,498	6700	14,88	2,1958
15.	7000	3400	48,5714286	10585	73,456	1000	6,94	2825	19,6	2,0585
TOTAL	369307	155880		305868	50,66	214239	35,5	83653	13,9	1,677

LOCAL DISTRIBUTION

VERTICAL PROGRAM DISTRIBUTION - AXONOMETRIC

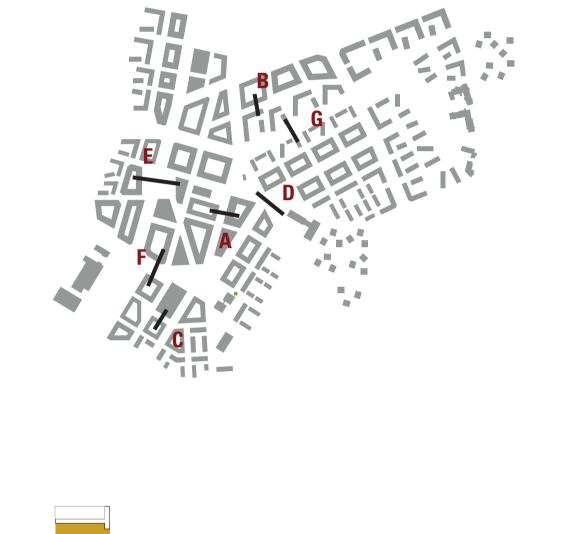
LAND USE AND PROGRAM DISTRIBUTION

Sluppen's central location calls for as a dense urban district with high levels of mobility A coherent distribution of the plots, taking in consideration the permeability of the area and the relation location/programme, and a high FAR (Floor Area Ratio) are the main strategies to safeguard the functionality of the district and create a suficient flow of people



HOUSING

TOTAL DISTRIBUTION

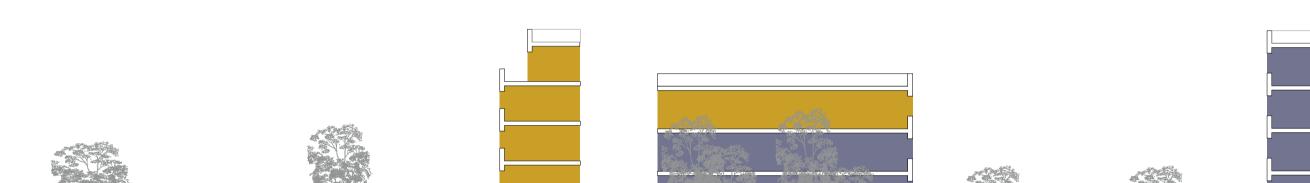


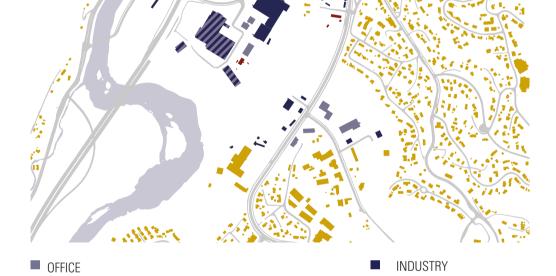


E - E

B - B´

赤合) 🍹





As a result of the monofunctional program of office and production acitvities, Sluppen

is an introverted homogenic area with clearly defined users, activity times and urban

Activity time is reserved to indoor areas during office hours leaving the site empty dur-

The urban tissue features low buidings, extensive parking lots and low quality public spaces, discouraging the use of outdoor areas and reinforcing the image of a "no man's

land." On the other hand, the potential it has to become a central point is great, taking

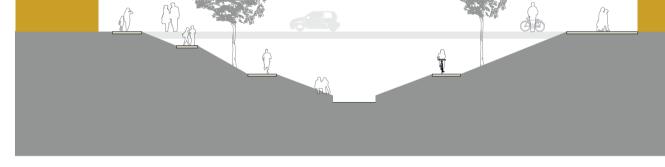
in consideration it is located along a primary road and surrounded on the north west by

EXISTING ZONING

ing the rest of the day.

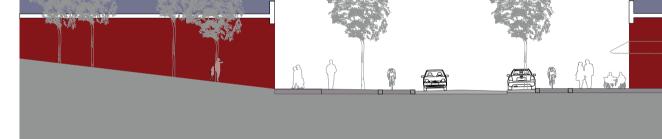
residential areas in Nidarvoll and Nardo.

structure.





40





A - A









PROGRAMME

COMMERCE

Sluppen will become a dense, sustainable and vivid district with a mixed program of offices, residential units, commercial activities, public services the busiest part of the district and has therefore a predominant business and recreational areas.

and encourage social interaction, creating life throughout the day and making it attractive both to live and work in the area. Having all the neccessary services at walking distance will make it easier for residents and visitors to function without the use of private cars. All neccesary activities such as possible. as delivering children at the local kindergartens, walking or taking the bus to work, eating at the local restaurants, and buying groceries can be done within a limited radius.

The heart of the neighborhood, featuring the traffic node, becomes program with office areas on the upper floors and commercial activities at This conglomeration of functions will attract a varied type of users the ground level. Residential areas, on the other hand, are located closer to natural areas such as the Fredly creek, Smidal forest and Nidelv river. This will ensure a higher degree of privateness as well as quality recreational spaces. The transition between these two areas should happen as uniformly

PUBLIC

C - C

G - G

F - F

HEALT CARE INSTITUTION

PUBLIC ACTIVITIES

The present Sluppen is a foreign place for most people, even those who live close by. Restricted industrial compounds and office buildings does not really interact much with the local community. However, the Sluppen of tomorrow should be an open and inviting district full of public activities and services. Different surfaces of the city spaces allow for different kinds of ourdoor activities, while a dense community, and a busy traffic junction enables a broad spectre of public facilities. Sluppen is primarily a local alternative to the city centre, however, the accessibility for both car and bus makes it an option for cultural happenings for all of the city.

Today Brattøra is being launched as the new 'grand hall' of Trondheim with venues such as a Rockheim, Clarion Congress Hotel, a public fjord park and possibly a new art gallery. Brattøra is, however, and will probably always be a quite unaccessible location as long as the train station is at its current location. Brattøra is currently activized by the northern bypass road, were no bus routes travel. Sluppen appear to us as a much more sustainable solution. Here, there is too the flexibility to establish quite voluminous public venues, however in a more central and accessible location.